

## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1-6 and add new claims 23-32 as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) In a message center, a method of providing consistency in Short Message Service (SMS) time stamp formatting for mobile communication devices comprising:

receiving an SMS message originating from a first home time zone and intended for a mobile communication device associated with a second home time zone, the SMS message having timestamp data formatted in a Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) format regardless of a current time in the first home time zone;

~~identifying whether the SMS message has timestamp data formatted in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) format or non-UTC format;~~

converting the timestamp data of the SMS message from the UTC format to a non-UTC time format corresponding to the first second home time zone ~~based on identifying that the timestamp data is formatted in the UTC format;~~ and

after converting the timestamp data, causing the SMS message to be sent to the mobile communication device.

2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, ~~wherein~~ further comprising the act of identifying whether the timestamp data of the SMS message is formatted in the UTC format ~~or non-UTC format~~ is based on an identification of a message center which included the timestamp data.

3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, ~~wherein~~ further comprising the act of identifying whether the timestamp data of the SMS message is formatted in UTC ~~or non-UTC format~~ is based on an address of a message center which included the timestamp data.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, ~~wherein~~ further comprising the act of identifying whether the timestamp data of the SMS message is formatted in the UTC format ~~or non-UTC format~~ is based on an identification of a service provider of the mobile communication device.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, ~~wherein~~ further comprising the act of identifying whether the timestamp data of the SMS message is formatted in the UTC format ~~or non-UTC format~~ is based on an indication in the SMS message.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
failing to convert the timestamp data from the UTC format to the non-UTC time format corresponding to the ~~first~~ second home time zone based on ~~an~~ identifying that the SMS message has timestamp data in the non-UTC format; ~~and~~  
~~converting the timestamp data having the non-UTC format from the first home time zone to the second home time zone.~~

7. (Original) A method of providing consistency in Short Message Service (SMS) message timestamp formatting for mobile communication devices, comprising:  
providing a removable user identity module for a mobile communication device;  
and  
providing a timestamp mode indicator field in the removable user identify module for indicating a timestamp mode of operation of a home message center as one of a coordinated universal time (UTC) mode and a non-UTC mode.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7, further comprising:  
providing the mobile communication device for receiving the removable user identity module.

9. (Original) The method of claim 7, further comprising:

providing the mobile communication device for receiving the removable user identity module; and

using data in the timestamp mode indicator field for determining whether to convert an SMS message timestamp into non-UTC format.

10. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the removable user identity module comprises a R-UIM.

11. (Original) A removable user identity module for a mobile communication device, comprising:

memory;

a processor coupled to the memory; and

a timestamp mode indicator field in the memory for indicating a timestamp mode of operation of a home message center as one of a coordinated universal time (UTC) mode and a non-UTC mode.

12. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the removable user identity module comprises an R-UIM.

13. (Original) A mobile station (MS), comprising:

a removable user identity module (R-UIM) which includes:

memory;

a stored indicator in the memory which is indicative of a timestamp mode of operation of a home message center as one of a coordinated universal time (UTC) mode and a non-UTC mode;

a mobile equipment (ME) which includes:

an R-UIM interface which interfaces with the R-UIM;

a processor;

a visual display coupled to the processor;

the processor being operative to:

receive a Short Message Service (SMS) message having timestamp data;

convert the timestamp data from a Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) format to a non-UTC format when the stored indicator in the R-UIM indicates that the timestamp data has the UTC format; and

cause the visual display to display the timestamp.

14. (Original) The MS of claim 13, wherein the stored indicator comprises a timestamp mode indicator field in the R-UIM.

15. (Original) The MS of claim 13, wherein the stored indicator comprises a service provider identification in the R-UIM.

16. (Original) The MS of claim 13, wherein the processor is further operative to fail to convert the timestamp data to non-UTC format when the stored indicator in the R-UIM indicates that the timestamp data has the non-UTC format.

17. (Previously Presented) A method of providing consistency in Short Message Service (SMS) message timestamp formatting for mobile communication devices, comprising:

receiving, at a first message center, an SMS message originating from a first home time zone and having subparameters which include a timestamp;

identifying whether the timestamp is formatted in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) format or non-UTC format;

when the timestamp is formatted in UTC format: converting the timestamp from the UTC format to a non-UTC format corresponding to the first home time zone; and

when the timestamp is formatted in non-UTC format: converting the timestamp from the first home time zone to a second home time zone of a mobile communication device which receives the SMS message.

18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the subparameters include an offset value and the step of converting the timestamp from the UTC format to the non-UTC format of the first home time zone is performed based on the offset value.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the step of identifying whether the timestamp is formatted in UTC format or non-UTC format is based on examining an address from which the message was received.

20. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the SMS message is sent from a second message center.

21. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the SMS message is sent from a mobile station.

22. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the timestamp comprises an SMS Message Center Timestamp.

23. (New) A mobile equipment, comprising:  
a processor;  
a wireless receiver coupled to the processor;  
an interface to receive a removable user identity module;  
a visual display;  
the processor being operative to:

receive, through the wireless receiver, a Short Message Service (SMS) message having timestamp data;

convert the timestamp data from a Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) format to a non-UTC format when a stored indicator in memory of the removable user identity module indicates that the timestamp data has the UTC format; and

cause the visual display to display the timestamp.

24. (New) The mobile equipment of claim 23, wherein the stored indicator comprises a timestamp mode indicator field in the removable user identity module.

25. (New) The mobile equipment of claim 23, wherein the stored indicator comprises a service provider identification in the removable user identity module.

26. (New) The mobile equipment of claim 23, wherein the processor is further operative to refrain from converting the timestamp data to non-UTC format when the stored indicator in the removable user identity module indicates that the timestamp data has the non-UTC format.

27. (New) The mobile equipment of claim 23, wherein the stored indicator in the memory of the removable user identity module is indicative of a timestamp mode of operation of a message center as one of a UTC mode and a non-UTC mode.

28. (New) The mobile equipment (ME) of claim 23, which is part of a mobile station (MS) which includes the removable user identity module (R-UIM) comprising the memory and the stored indicator in the memory.

29. (New) In a message center, a method of providing consistency in Short Message Service (SMS) message timestamp formatting for mobile communication devices, the method comprising the acts of:

receiving SMS messages at the message center;

for SMS messages received for a first mobile communication device from a second mobile communication device: modifying the SMS message at the message center to convert a timestamp of the SMS message from a UTC format to a non-UTC format corresponding to a local time in a home time zone associated with the first mobile communication device; and

for SMS messages to be transmitted from the first mobile communication device to the second mobile communication device: modifying the SMS message at the message center to provide a timestamp in the SMS message in a UTC format which is independent of a local time in a home time zone of the second mobile communication device.

30. (New) The method of claim 29, wherein the message center operates in a non-UTC time stamp mode.

31. (New) The method of claim 29, wherein the SMS message comprises an SMS Teleservice layer message in accordance with 3GPP2.

32. (New) The method of claim 29, wherein the home time zone is different from Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).